Guidelines for the Preparation of a Laboratory Report

1. General Requirements

- The report should be prepared either in printed form or in a legible handwritten form.
- Pages must be numbered. The cover page of the report should contain: the title of the experiment, the student's full name, group, and date of completion.
- All figures, tables, and graphs shall include captions and consecutive numbering; they must be properly referenced in the text.
- Final expressions must include substitution of numerical values and the resulting value with its associated uncertainty.

2. Structure of the Report

The report should include the following sections:

- Aim of the experiment a concise statement of what is being verified or investigated.
- **Theoretical background** principal formulas and models employed.
- Description of the apparatus and experimental procedure schematic diagram of the setup (a simplified sketch is acceptable) and the sequence of measurements.

• Experimental results:

- tables of experimental measurements;
- frequency histograms of events with superimposed theoretical calculations;

- plots of empirical distributions;
- outcome of hypothesis testing regarding the presence of a radioactive source.

• Data analysis:

- determination of the mean number of counts and the counting rate for each task;
- comparison of standard errors obtained by two independent methods;
- evaluation of the counting rate of events attributed to the source and estimation of the probability of detecting its decays (if a source was used), or refinement of the background counting rate otherwise.

• Conclusions:

- interpretation of the obtained results;
- comparison of the experimental findings with theoretical expectations;
- key conclusions concerning the objectives and outcomes of the work performed.

3. Control Questions

The report should contain answers to the following control questions:

- 1) Do the Poisson and Gaussian distributions adequately describe the histograms obtained? How can the observed similarities or discrepancies be explained?
- 2) What are background events, and which particles predominantly contribute to the radioactive background?
- 3) Estimate the minimum particle energy detectable by a Geiger counter.

4) Which factors may affect the accuracy of pulse registration by the detector?

The report is to be submitted via the messenger in the Nuclear Practicum system no later than 1 week after performing the task.